

Product Name

FLEXICAST® 20 - Limited Edition Black **Flexible High-Strength Moulding Rubber** **20A Polyurethane Elastomer**

Product Description

Flexicast 20 is a two part polyurethane elastomer that cures at room temperature to a flexible, high strength mould rubber. Moulds made from Flexicast 20 are durable and require little to no release when casting plasters and waxes. When used with the appropriate release system, Flexicast 20 moulds are excellent for casting FMG, concrete, polyurethane, polyester and epoxy. The final parts or moulds made from Flexicast 20 will be tough and long wearing, making them ideal for long term moulding requirements. Flexicast 20 can be processed without the aid of vacuum degassing, allowing for larger mould pours and a wider variety of mouldmaking conditions. Flexicast 20 will provide excellent chemical resistance to most casting systems while maintaining a high standard of physical properties.

Physical Properties

Hardness	Die C	Shore A	20
Specific Gravity, cured		g/cc	1.01
Colour		Visual	Black
Tensile Strength		psi	217
Tear Strength		pli	43
Elongation		%	1060
Shrinkage, linear		in/in	Nil

Handling Properties

Mix Ratio	By Weight	Part A	50 pbw
		Part B **	100 pbw
Viscosity	cps @ 25°C	Mixed	800
Work Time	100g mass @ 25°C		20 minutes
Demould Time	@ 25°C		16-24hrs (note 1)
Cure Schedule	7 days ambient; or demould followed with post cure of 6 hours @ 50°C is recommended to promote maximum physical properties. See Mix & Cure.		

Master Preparation:

- Porous masters made of timber or plaster may need to be sealed to prevent penetration of the rubber into the pores of the material/master.
- For most applications Stoner E236 or J-Wax will provide adequate release from a sealed or non-porous master.
- For multi-piece moulds, Flexicast will bond to cured Flexicast, ensure a suitable release such as E236 or J-Wax is applied to the cured Flexicast surface prior to pouring.
- Master sealed with Shellac must have sufficient release agent applied as Flexicast will readily bond to a shellac coat surface.
- When in doubt, a small sample pour is always recommended to test for complete curing and proper release.

Mix and Cure

- After correctly weighing Parts A and B, mix thoroughly whilst best avoiding trapping excess air into the rubber. Care must be taken to scrape the sides and base of the mix container to ensure a proper mix
- A common practice is to pour the mixed material into a second container and quickly mix again. This will ensure that no unmixed materials are poured.
- Pour the rubber as soon after mixing as possible for best flow and air release.
- To ensure a bubble free mould, deaerate the mixed Flexicast under vacuum.
- Avoid curing the material in temperatures below 15°C.
- Ultimate properties are achieved after 7 days at room temperature, however moulds can be used with care after curing for 48 hours.

Additives

- POLYFIBRE II can be added to the mixed material to thicken the liquid mix to a gel for application by brush or trowel.

Cured Moulds

- When pouring plasters and molten waxes in Flexicast 20 release agent is generally not required, however an application of Pure Lube Mould Soap will help reduce air bubbles in plaster and aids release.
- E236 and J-Wax are the best choices for most resin casting systems.
- Water based release agents such as Flexi-Coat is preferred when casting concrete.
- Excess exposure to solvent containing releases should be kept to a minimum when required to reduce the chance of mould distortion due to swelling or shrinkage.
- Shrinkage and swelling may become apparent after repeated casting with resins having strong solvents or porous casting materials such as plaster and cement which can extract oils from the mould surface. Proper choice of mould release can help minimize this.

Storage

- Opened containers of material should be purged with Dry Nitrogen Blanket prior to replacing lids or caps, to prevent moisture contamination from humid air.
- Store at room temperature in a dry area.

Notes

Both components should be mixed before each use to ensure uniformity of the materials. Part B requires stirring or mixing to ensure settled materials are thoroughly combined prior to use.

Some Part B's may darken with age but cured rubber properties are not affected.

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30th April 2025

Revision Number

1

Disclaimer

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